

NAME: _____ TEACHER: _____

American History I PLT - Unit 3: The Constitution.

All of the vocabulary, stems and map terms will be on the quiz.

<i>Definition and Sentence</i>	<i>Give an example or draw a picture</i>
Civil: Dealing with citizens Use it in a sentence:	
Bill of Rights: A list of citizen's rights Use it in a sentence:	
amend: To change Use it in a sentence:	
Rule of Law: The idea that everyone, including government officials, must obey the law Use it in a sentence:	
Popular sovereignty: The idea that the people have the right rule themselves, power lies with the people Use it in a sentence:	
Checks and balances: A system in which each branch of government is able to limit the power of the other two. Use it in a sentence:	
Federalism: Belief that power should be shared between the state and federal government Use it in a sentence:	
Concurrent (powers): Under federalism, powers given to both the state and federal government. Use it in a sentence:	
Reserved (powers): Under federalism, powers given to the state governments. Use it in a sentence:	
Expressed / Enumerated (powers): Under federalism, powers given to the federal government, specifically listed in the US Constitution. Use it in a sentence:	
Supremacy Clause: Article VI (6) of Constitution – federal government has higher	

authority over the state government. <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Federalists: A person who supported the ratification of the US Constitution with a strong federal government. <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Anti-Federalists: A person who oppose the ratification of the US Constitution without the addition of a bill of rights <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Ratify: To vote for approval <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Bicameral: Two house legislature <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Legislative: Branch of government that makes laws <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Executive: Branch of government that carries out laws <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Judicial: Branch of government that interprets laws <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Implied (powers): Powers given to the federal government that are not specifically listed in the US Constitution. <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	
Necessary and proper / Elastic Clause: Article 1, Section 8, clause 18 – grants Congress power to pass laws on issues not stated in Constitution; (implied powers) <i>Use it in a sentence:</i>	

Stems

Examples	Stem?	Meaning?
population, popular, populism		
communism, colonialism, nationalism		
connection, conclusion, congestion		
bimonthly, bicycle, bifocals		
antibiotic, antisocial, antinational		

Map Terms:

Illinois, Alabama, Maine, Missouri, Arkansas, Michigan, Florida, Texas, Iowa, Wisconsin,
Mississippi River, Lake Erie and Lake Huron

