

Reconstruction Era Amendments

Primary Source Document Analysis

In the first table below are causes and effects that can be used in analyzing the 13th 14th and 15th amendments. For each of the tables below the cause and effect table:

- 1) *List the appropriate causes and effects for each amendment (you may use a cause or effect more than once).*
- 2) *Explain why this was a cause or effect of the listed amendment.*

Causes

Effects

<p style="text-align: center;">Abolition movement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Civil War</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Emancipation Proclamation</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Radical Reconstruction</p> <p>Plantation system became a strong economic system</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">African American women and men were granted full American citizenship</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Slavery was banned in the United States, except in the instance of punishment for a crime</p> <p style="text-align: center;">African American men were granted the right to vote</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Sparked a women's rights movement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Plantations were disbanded</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Sharecropping began</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ku Klux Klan & White League began to terrorize African Americans</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Jim Crow laws were written</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Poll taxes, literacy tests, grandfather clauses used for voter suppression</p>
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Causes

13th Amendment - 1865

Effects

	<p><i>Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.</i></p>	
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Causes	14th Amendment - 1868	Effects
	<p><i>Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.</i></p>	

Causes	15th Amendment - 1870	Effects
	<p>Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.</p> <p>Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.</p>	